



OUR PRODUCTS DEVELOP TOMORROW'S TECHNOLOGIES™

EXPLORAVAC™

STANDARD

USER MANUAL



WARRANTY

Ideal Vacuum warrants to the original purchaser this product to be free from defects in workmanship and materials for a period of one year from the original delivery date. The liability of Ideal Vacuum, under this warranty, is limited to servicing, adjusting, repairing, or replacing any unit or component part which, at Ideal Vacuum's sole discretion, is determined to have failed during normal, intended use. This warranty does not cover improper installation, process related damage, product use in any way other than defined in this manual, or any misuse, abuse, negligence, accident, or customer modification to the product.

Prior to returning any product, we require that you contact us by phone or email to determine if the issue can be resolved quickly. A technical support representative will work with you to resolve the problem. If the issue cannot be resolved in that manner, we will issue an RMA number and provide product return instructions.

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CUSTOMER SERVICE AND SUPPORT

If you have any questions concerning the installation or operation of this equipment, or if you need warranty or repair service, please contact us. Customer Service and Technical Support is available weekdays, from 8am-5pm, Mountain Time.

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

Warranty	2
Customer Service and Support.....	2
Intellectual Property	2
Safety	5
Safety for Viewing Windows and Doors.....	6
1. System Overview	7
2. Installation.....	8
2.1 Equipment Location	8
2.2 What is Included	8
2.3 Uncrate and Position	9
2.4 Install Levelling Feet (optional)	9
2.5 Mount the Turbo Pump	10
2.6 Connect Power	11
3. System Information	12
3.1 Technical Specifications.....	12
3.2 Enclosure Components	12
3.3 External Components	13
3.4 Internal Components	14
3.5 Block Diagram	15
3.6 Control Panel.....	16
3.7 Pressure Gauges.....	17
3.8 Valves	17
3.9 Digital Feedthrough Panel	18
3.10 Exhaust/Vent Panel	19
3.11 Sample Thermocouples.....	19
3.12 Platen (option)	20
4. Operation.....	21
4.1 Main Power Switch/Disconnect	21
4.2 Power Switch	21
4.3 Aux Switch	21
4.4 Rough Vacuum Switch.....	21
4.5 High Vacuum Switch (option).....	22
4.6 Vent Switch	22
4.7 Purge Switch (option)	23
4.8 Pressure Control Switch (option)	24
4.9 Heat/Cool Platen Switch (option).....	24
4.10 Pressure Setpoint Controller (option)	25
4.11 Temperature Setpoint Controller (option).....	27
4.12 System Shutdown.....	30
4.13 Emergency Stop Switch.....	30
4.14 Faults	30
4.15 Warnings and Other Subsystem Conditions	31
5. Service and Maintenance.....	32
5.1 Service Schedule.....	33
6. Recommended Lockout/Tagout Procedure	34
7. Appendix	36

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 1 - System footprint.....	8
Figure 2 - Mount turbo.....	10
Figure 3 - Connect foreline.....	10
Figure 4 - Connect turbo wiring.....	10
Figure 5 - Input tap/splices.....	11
Figure 6 - Main electronic components.....	12
Figure 7 - Front components.....	13
Figure 8 - Rear components.....	13
Figure 9 - Back view, w/pneumatic valves and purge option.....	14
Figure 10 - System block diagram.....	15
Figure 11 - Control panel layout.....	16
Figure 12 - Granville-Phillips 475.....	17
Figure 13 - MKS GP 358.....	17
Figure 14 - Digital feedthrough panel.....	18
Figure 15 - Auxilliary I/O connector.....	18
Figure 16 - Exhaust, vent and purge panel.....	19
Figure 17 - Pressure controller home page.....	25
Figure 18 - Pressure controller menu flowchart.....	26
Figure 19 - Platen Temp controller home page.....	27
Figure 20 - Temperature controller menu flowchart.....	29

LIST OF TABLES

Table 1 - Required and recommended clearances.....	8
Table 2 - Tightening torque for tap/splices.....	11
Table 3 - Electronic component descriptions.....	12
Table 4 - Exterior component descriptions.....	13
Table 5 - Interior component descriptions.....	14
Table 6 - ExploraVAC systems block diagram.....	15
Table 7 - Control panel operators.....	16
Table 8 - Aux connector pinout.....	18
Table 9 - Pressure controller display items.....	25
Table 10 - Temperature controller display items.....	27
Table 11 - Faults and effected subsystem(s).....	30
Table 12 - Other subsystem condition codes.....	31
Table 13 - Recommended preventive maintenance schedule.....	33

SAFETY

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

Thank you for purchasing this equipment from Ideal Vacuum Products. We want you to operate it safely.



- Read this manual and all associated equipment manuals before installing or operating this equipment. Failure to follow the warnings and instructions may result in serious injury or equipment damage.
- Keep this manual in a safe location for future reference.
- This equipment should only be installed and operated by trained, qualified personnel, wearing appropriate protective equipment.
- Follow all codes that regulate the installation and operation of this equipment.

WARNING SYMBOLS AND DEFINITIONS



Indicates an imminently hazardous situation that, if not avoided, will result in death or severe injury.



Indicates an imminently hazardous situation that, if not avoided, could result in death or severe injury.



Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that, if not avoided, could result in moderate or minor injury. It may also be used to alert against unsafe practices.

NOTICE

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that, if not avoided, could result in equipment or property damage.

NOTE

Indicates helpful tips and recommendations, as well as information for efficient, trouble-free operation.

Internationally recognized safety symbols may be used with safety warnings to specify the type of hazard or a safety protocol to follow. For example:



Indicates an electric shock hazard



Indicates safety glasses are required



California Proposition 65. This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

SAFETY FOR VIEWING WINDOWS AND DOORS



Implosion/explosion hazard. Failure to follow ALL instructions and safety precautions can result in serious injury or death.



Always wear protective equipment, including safety glasses and gloves. Exercise care when working with any vacuum component.

All viewing windows, doors, or ports are inherently fragile. Exercise great care when handling, mounting and when using a chamber with a viewing window. Below are specific warnings and special precautions needed for safely installing and using a viewing window.

VISUAL INSPECTION



Visually inspect the window upon receipt and check regularly for scratches or any irregularity. Even small scratches can cause a weak spot in the window causing failure. Keep hard objects away from the window. Use only a soft cloth or lens tissue for cleaning.

MOUNTING AND ASSEMBLY



Carefully follow all mounting and reassembly instructions if you are replacing or servicing the window pane. Strictly adhere to the bolt torque specifications and tightening order pattern. Over-tightening of bolts DOES NOT produce a more leak-proof seal. Overtightening, or failure to properly reassemble a viewing window assembly could cause internal strain buildup in the window material resulting in failure.

PRESSURE



NEVER subject a viewing window equipped chamber to positive internal pressure. The viewing window is designed and rated for vacuum ONLY. Chamber pressures in excess of ambient atmosphere could cause the viewing window assembly to fail catastrophically.

TEMPERATURE CHANGES AND THERMAL SHOCK



The fragile nature of the window makes it susceptible to thermal shock. Rapid temperature changes under vacuum, hot or cold, can cause failure. Bakeout or cooling is permissible within the temperature rating of the Viton® O-ring seals. Keep chamber temperature change rates to $<10^{\circ}\text{C/min}$ ($<18^{\circ}\text{F/min}$).

If directing a laser beam through the window, make sure the laser's wavelength can be reasonably transmitted through the window's material. Directing a laser through the window of a wavelength the window material absorbs, or focusing a laser of any wavelength within the window medium, will cause a steep thermal gradient extending outward from the point of incidence. This could result in localized weakening or fracturing of the window.

1. SYSTEM OVERVIEW

The ExploraVAC™ Standard system series are Ideal Vacuum Products (IVP) entry level, turnkey, compact TVAC test chamber product line. ExploraVAC Standard systems feature innovative, highly configurable, fully integrated, self-contained, environmental vacuum chamber simulation systems. ExploraVAC Standard systems are designed for vacuum only. They should not be used for pressures above ambient atmosphere.

Numerous options allow the user to individualize an ExploraVAC Standard system for their unique process requirements, whether for prototype device testing, material synthesis and conditioning, pressure and temperature control experiments, or other environmental simulation.

ExploraVAC Standard systems use a welded stainless steel cubic vacuum chamber with optional viewing window in the door. Available chamber sizes are 16", 20" and 24". The chamber is permanently affixed atop an attractive, sturdy, and mobile equipment cabinet with a thick aluminum top deck. In addition to having all necessary ports for plumbing the system, both sides of the chamber have an ISO 200 port that can be blanked, used as an ISO 200 port, or fitted with a customized plate with multiple user-specified feedthrough ports (i.e., KF, CF, ISO flanges).

The enclosed cabinet houses a dry Edwards nXDSi scroll or nXRi multi roots roughing pump, coupled with an IVP Delta-P™ system protection valve, pneumatic valves, an onboard compressor, and necessary plumbing. Vented side and back panels are easily removed for system service.

Depending on the configuration, the cabinet can include IVP electronic CommandValve™ butterfly throttle valves for accurate pressure control. Various platen heating and cooling options from -170°C to 375°C are available. Accurate temperature control can be maintained to within $\pm 0.5^\circ\text{C}$. A purge gas option allows dry pressurized gas to be injected into the chamber. The high vacuum turbo pump option (Pfeiffer HiPace 80, 300, 450, or 700) adds necessary gauges, valves, piping, and a gauge controller.

The ExploraVAC Standard cabinet has a conveniently angled front panel control surface with colored LED pushbuttons for operating the system. PID controllers and gauges are installed as required for the selected options. System functions, including pump and valve sequencing for efficient pump down cycles, and safety interlocks for preventing equipment damage, are managed by a PLC. The front accessible, built-in, NEMA style enclosure, houses the electronics needed for system operation.

Any ExploraVAC Standard system may be upfitted with [AutoExplor™](#) software. [AutoExplor](#) is our state-of-the-art, touchscreen-enabled software solution for seamless control and real-time monitoring of ExploraVAC systems. With an intuitive graphical interface, the basic version of AutoExplor simplifies pressure and temperature management, ensuring exceptional accuracy, while providing comprehensive system protection and timely maintenance notifications. The premium version adds advanced automation, allowing you to design, save, run and repeat complex test suites with ease. It also includes tools for remote operation, network-based multi-user collaboration, and API integration for custom software solutions.

2. INSTALLATION

2.1 EQUIPMENT LOCATION



DANGER

Do not use in damp, wet, or hazardous locations where flammable, corrosive, or toxic gases or vapors are present.



WARNING

If the process uses non-inert gases or produces noxious fumes, pump exhaust and chamber vents must be safely routed and evacuated away from personnel work areas.

The ExploraVAC system is a commercial/industrial product and is not intended for residential use. The instrument requires indoor installation in a relatively clean environment on a flat, sturdy floor, preferably concrete to minimize noise and vibration. The instrument's footprint is 32 in. wide, 36 in. deep. Overall height varies depends on the chamber size and turbo pump model (if installed). For systems with an external Huber heating and cooling system, refer to the printed datasheet in the manual or the USB file for the footprint of your individual build.

Minimum clearances of 3 feet in the front and 1 foot on all sides is required to allow for electronics access and for proper ventilation and equipment cooling. It is recommended to allow additional space around the instrument, at least 3 feet on all sides, for easier periodic maintenance and more convenient service.

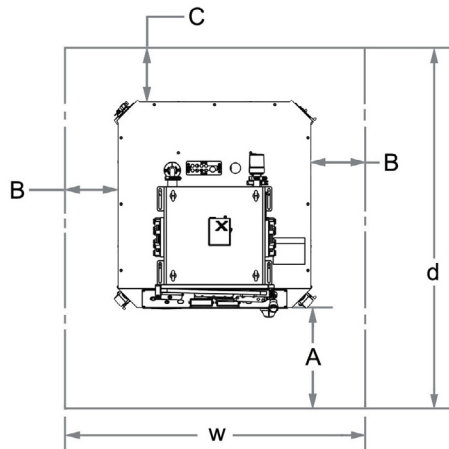


Figure 1 - System footprint

Side	Minimum Clearance (in.)	Maintenance Clearance (in.)
Front (A)	36	36
Sides (B)	12	36
Back (C)	12	36
Top	12	24
Overall width (w)	56	104
Overall depth (d)	84	108

Table 1 - Required and recommended clearances

2.2 WHAT IS INCLUDED

- The ExploraVAC system
- Hardware pack with four (4) vibration dampening levelling feet, 4mm & 10mm hex wrenches
- Hardware pack for mounting turbo pump (high vacuum systems only)
- Printed manual, system specific data and performance sheets
- Electrical schematics and electronics Bill of Materials (inside control panel door)
- USB drive with digital copies of all printed materials and all sub-system manuals.
- Heat transfer fluid, a filling tube, and funnel (platen chiller equipped systems only)

2.3 UNCRATE AND POSITION

NOTE

Upon receipt, check for any obvious shipping damage. Immediately contact Ideal Vacuum at 505-872-0037 if you suspect any damage.

The system is shipped fully assembled in a palletized crate. High vacuum systems may require the turbo pump be dismounted and remounted to pass through doorways ([Sec. 2.5, p. 10](#)).

1. Unscrew and remove the crate top and sides to expose the instrument. Keep the crate for possible future use.
2. Remove both side panels. The quarter-turn panel fasteners use the included 4mm hex wrench.
3. Unscrew the four (4) 3/8" lag bolts which secure the machine to the pallet. Use a 9/16" wrench or impact driver. The bolts are located inside the bottom rail, close to the corners.
4. Replace the side panels.
5. Remove the instrument from the shipping pallet.

Carefully lift the instrument off the pallet from below. Use a forklift from the side.

CAUTION

The ExploraVAC system is top heavy. Make sure forklift forks extend past the opposite side of the instrument before lifting from below. DO NOT LIFT FROM ABOVE.

Lower the instrument to the floor and roll it to its predetermined location. The instrument will fit through a standard doorway (when turbo pump is not mounted).

CAUTION

Seismic restraints may be required if the system is installed in a seismically active area. Consult with a structural engineer to determine code requirements and if restraint hardware is needed.

2.4 INSTALL LEVELLING FEET (OPTIONAL)

To change the casters to levelling feet:

1. Lift the machine from the front or back with a pallet jack.
2. Remove the two side covers using the 4mm hex wrench.
3. Remove the casters using a wrench or ratchet with 3/4" or 19mm deep socket.
4. Replace with the levelling feet. Use two (2) 3/4" or 19mm wrenches to tighten.
5. Replace the side panels.
6. Gently lower the pallet jack.
7. Level the system side-to-side and front-to-back.

2.5 MOUNT THE TURBO PUMP

On high vacuum equipped ExploraVAC systems with larger chambers, the turbo pump and foreline may require dismounting and remounting. The turbo's cooling fan is already connected to the turbo.

Get the turbo pump, the “L” shaped stainless steel foreline and the turbo hardware pack.

1. Place the ISO 63, ISO 100, or ISO 160 centering ring on the gate valve (1), then place the turbo pump on top (2).
2. Secure the turbo (2) with four or eight single sided claw clamps (3).

Use a 1/2” wrench. Tighten in a star pattern. Torque to 10 ft-lb. (max).

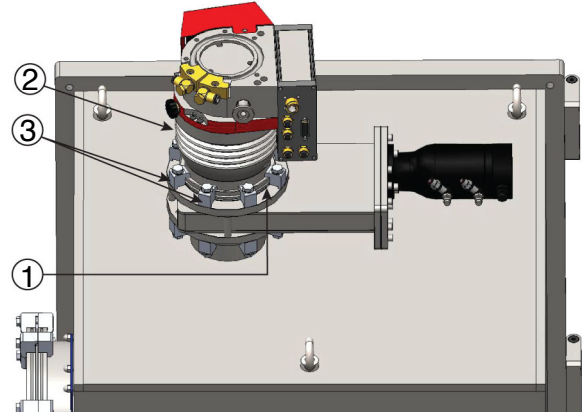


Figure 2 - Mount turbo

3. Place a KF-16 centering ring in the lower KF flange (5).
4. Place the longer end of the foreline tube (4) onto the lower centering ring and flange (5).
5. Secure with a hinged clamp (5).
6. Place the other centering ring in the KF flange on the turbo and secure the foreline tube onto the turbo with the remaining hinged clamp (6).

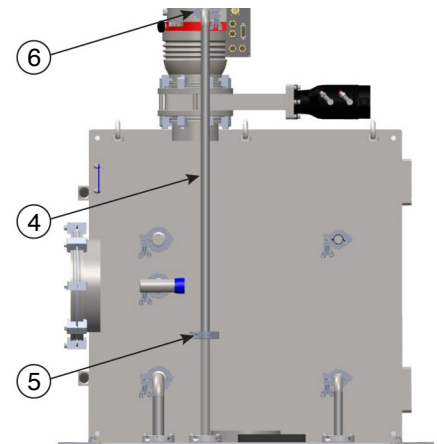


Figure 3 - Connect foreline

7. Make the electrical connections.

For HiPace 80 equipped systems, the DC power, and RS485 connections both attach through the 15 pin D-Sub on the TC-110 electronic unit (7). The fan connects to the side of the DB15 plug into the Accessory (A) connector.

For HiPace 300, 450, or 700 equipped systems, the gray DC power cable connects to the 3 pin connector (8). The black RS485 cable attaches to the next lower 4 conductor connector (9). The fan plugs into the Accessory (A) connector (10).

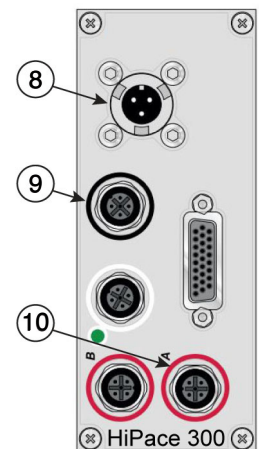


Figure 4 - Connect turbo wiring

2.6 CONNECT POWER

! WARNING

Electrical hookup of this equipment must be performed by a licensed, qualified electrician. All wiring must be completed in accordance with national and local codes.

USE COPPER WIRE ONLY.

ExploraVAC Standard systems require 208-240 VAC, 50/60 Hz, single phase power (2 hot legs and ground). Depending on the configuration, the system requires up to 50 A current. A nameplate above the main power input specifies the system's voltage and current requirements ([Sec. 3.3, p. 14](#)). The input power cable must be rated for the maximum current of the instrument.

NOTICE

Verify the supply voltage. Energizing the system at a higher voltage than the system rating will cause damage and void the warranty.

If power is obtained from two legs of a three phase supply, both hot wires **MUST** be at the same voltage. Do not use the "Wild" leg of a 240V, 3 phase Delta configured system as one of the hot legs. For 208V Wye three phase systems (all three legs are the same voltage), use any two legs.

The ExploraVAC system should always be wired to its own supply circuit, and through an appropriately sized service disconnect, fusible or non-fusible, for system lockout and maintenance. An appropriate input cable (armored or SJ type) and strain connector are customer supplied.

Remove the right side power input panel with a Phillips #2 screwdriver (6 screws).

1. Once the 3 internal input wires are exposed, remove the small round splice cap on the power input side of each tap/splice.
2. The panel has holes for either 1-1/2" or 1" conduit connectors. Prepare the panel with the appropriate connector or strain relief (kellums).
3. Strip 3/4" from each of the 3 power input wires.
4. Pass the input power cable through the panel.
5. Using a 1/8" hex wrench, secure each of the input wires. Use Table 6 below for proper tightening torque of the tap/splice bolts.
6. Replace the cap on each tap/splice.
7. Carefully push the wires into the stand cavity and screw down the power input panel.
8. Connect the power input cable to the facility service disconnect.



Figure 5 - Input tap/splices

Wire Size	2	4	6	8	10
Torque (lb-in.)	45	45	45	45	40

Table 2 - Tightening torque for tap/splices

3. SYSTEM INFORMATION

3.1 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

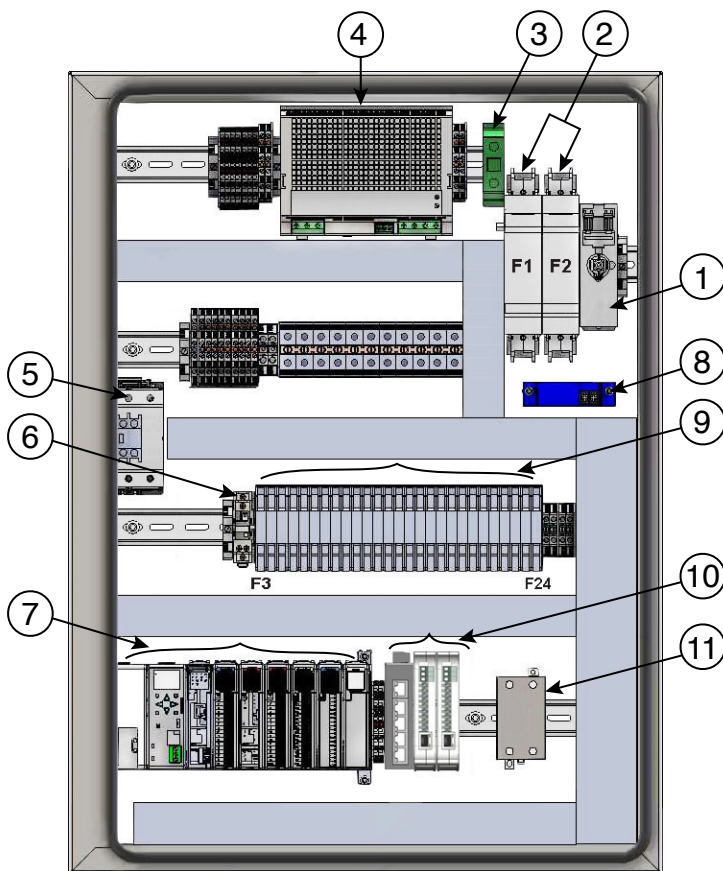
This manual contains general system information and descriptions of the various available system specific options.

Technical specifications, equipment options, and performance test data specific for your built-to-order ExploraVAC system are provided in printed and/or digital formats.

The following three sections illustrate the major ExploraVAC system components. Depending on the options selected for your system, some illustrated components may not be installed.

3.2 ENCLOSURE COMPONENTS

The NEMA style enclosure contains all the necessary electronics and connections for the system. The figure below shows all the major electronic components in any system. Your system configuration determines which components are included.



Item	Description
1	Main power switch/disconnect
2	Fused “hot” input power terminals
3	Input ground terminal block
4	24 VDC power supply
5	Main power relay
6	Air compressor relay
7	Programmable logic control (PLC)
8	Current sensing transducer
9	Fuse block for all subsystems
10	16TC thermocouple expansion kit PLC components (option)
11	Platen heater relay (if heating elements installed)

Table 3 - Electronic component descriptions

Figure 6 - Main electronic components

3.3 EXTERNAL COMPONENTS

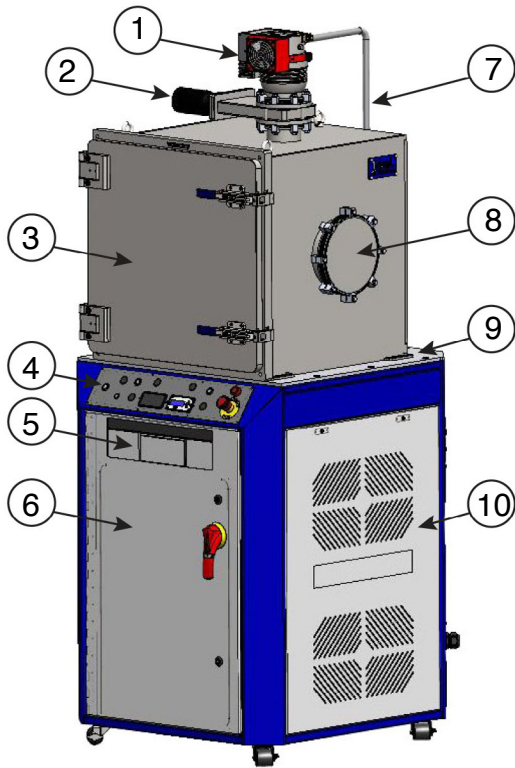


Figure 7 - Front components

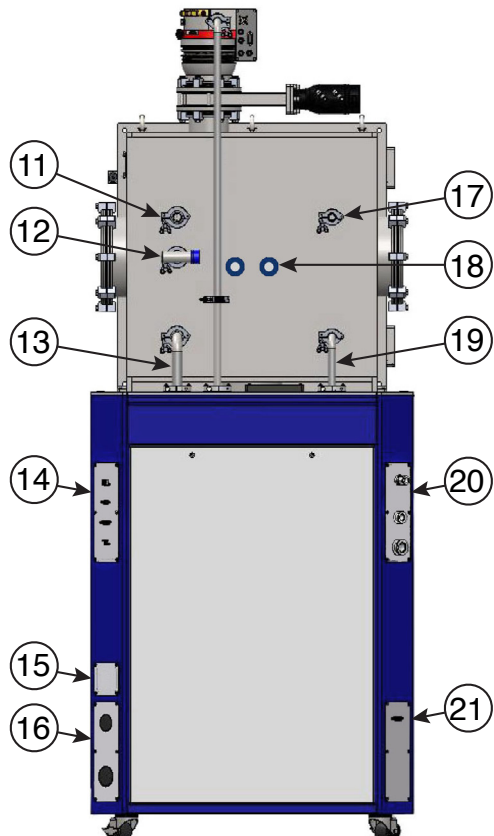


Figure 8 - Rear components

Item	Description
1	Turbo pump (high vac option)
2	Pneumatic gate valve (high vac option)
3	Vacuum chamber w/hinged door
4	Control panel
5	3U rack mount for pressure controller
6	NEMA style enclosure
7	Foreline (high vac option)
8	ISO-F 200 port for user feedthroughs (x2)
9	Aluminum deck plate
10	Side panel, vented, quick access (x2)
11	MKS 355 ion gauge (high vacuum option)
12	Chamber convection-enhanced Pirani pressure gauge
13	Roughing line
14	Digital feedthrough panel
15	Electrical nameplate
16	Power cable input panel
18	Thermocouple feedthrough port
18	Inlet/outlet ports for LN ₂ or Huber (options)
19	Vent line
20	Exhaust, vent, and purge gas panel
21	Huber I/O connection (if installed)

Table 4 - Exterior component descriptions

3.4 INTERNAL COMPONENTS

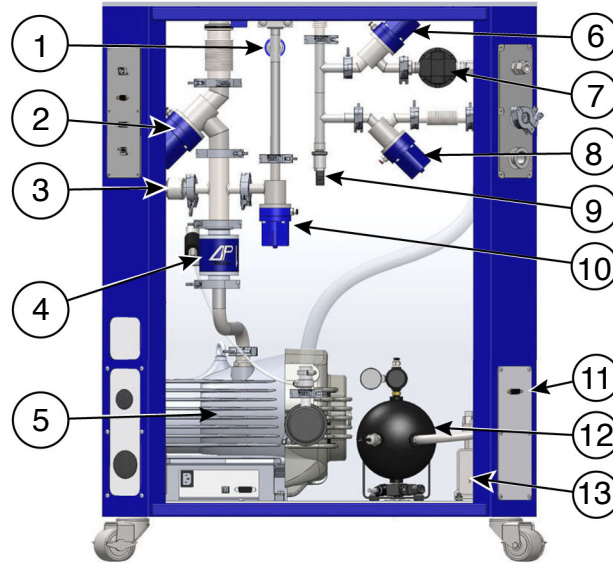


Figure 9 - Back view, w/pneumatic valves and purge option

Item	Description
1	Foreline convection-enhanced Pirani pressure gauge
2	Roughing line valve (pneumatic or electronic)
3	Roughing line peizo gauge
4	Delta-P system protection valve
5	nXDSi or nXRi dry roughing pump
6	Purge valve (pneumatic or electronic)
7	Purge gas manifold regulator
8	Vent valve (pneumatic or electronic)
9	Manifold overpressure sensor
10	Foreline valve (pneumatic or electronic)
11	Huber I/O connection (if installed)
12	Air reservoir tank for compressor
13	Air Compressor for pneumatic valves

Table 5 - Interior component descriptions

3.5 BLOCK DIAGRAM

The figure below shows the major system components in schematic form. Refer to the table below for component descriptions.

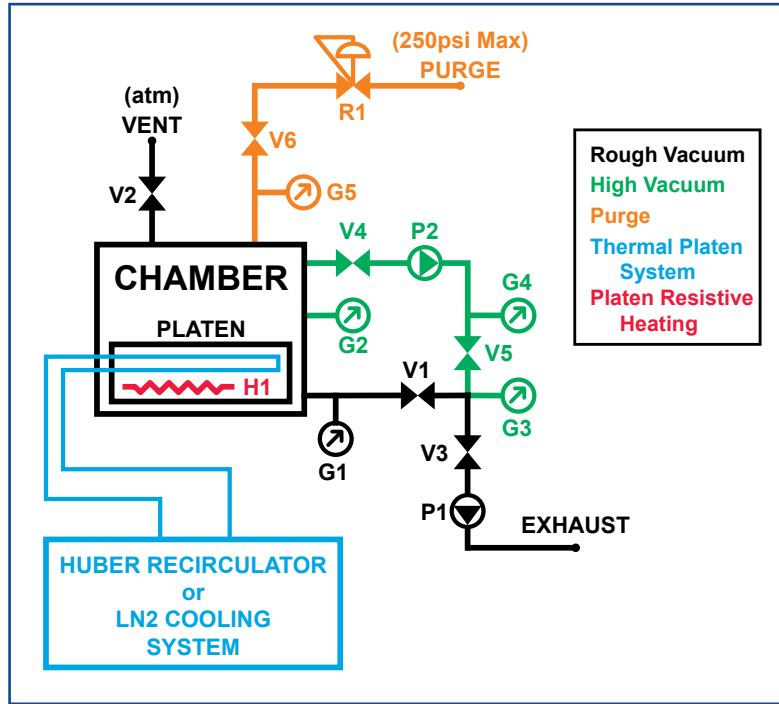


Figure 10 - System block diagram

Item	Description
G1	Chamber convection-enhanced Pirani pressure gauge
G2	Chamber micro ion gauge
G3	Roughing line peizo gauge
G4	Foreline convection-enhanced Pirani pressure gauge
G5	Pressure transducer
H1	Platen heater
P1	Edwards nXDSi or nXRi dry scroll pump
P2	Pfeiffer HiPace 80, 300, 450, or 700 turbo pump
V1	Roughing/pressure control valve
V2	Vent/pressure control valve
V3	Delta-P system protection valve
V4	Gate Valve
V5	Turbo foreline valve
V6	Purge control valve
R1	Purge line regulator

Table 6 - ExploraVAC systems block diagram

3.6 CONTROL PANEL

The system is manually operated by the illuminated, safety interlocked, push button switches on the control panel. These panel switches, setpoint controllers, and pressure gauges (below the control panel), display current system conditions. Depending on the system function the user requests, the PLC will sequence valves and pumps to attain the requested state. The system configuration determines which buttons, gauges and setpoint controls are present.

See [Chap. 4, p. 22](#) for detailed information about switch and controller operations.

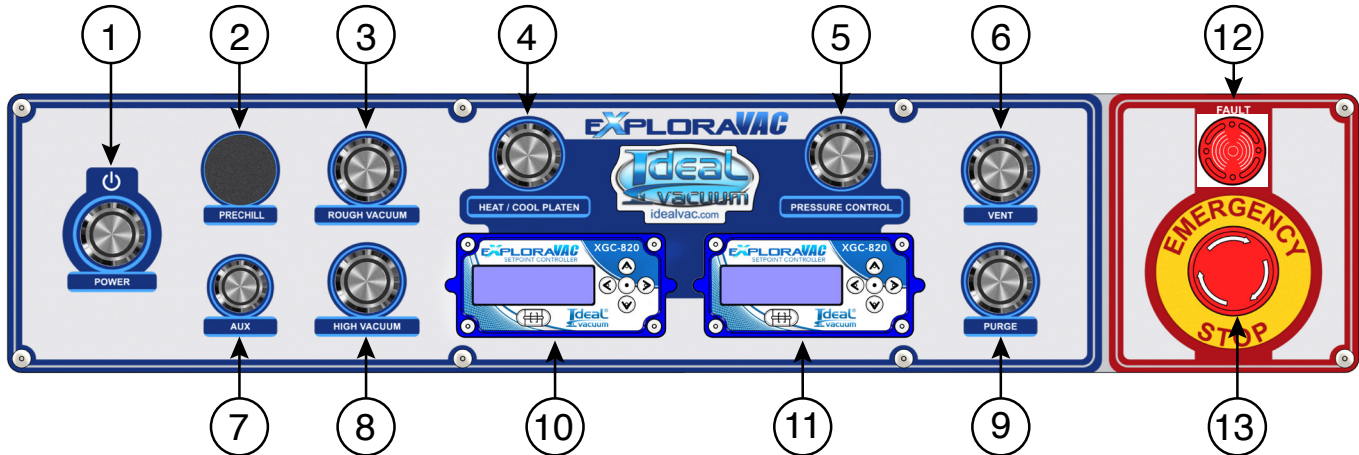


Figure 11 - Control panel layout

Item	Description
1	Power switch
2	Prechill switch (unused)
3	Roughing switch
4	Heat/cool platen switch (included on platen equipped systems)
5	Pressure control switch (included on altitude/pressure control equipped systems) <i>Note - This switch is renamed Chamber Heat in systems with chamber heaters and without the pressure control option. In this case, this switch behaves just like the Heat/cool platen switch (Sec. 4.9, p. 25).</i>
6	Vent switch
7	Aux (accessory) switch
8	High vacuum switch (included on turbo pump equipped systems)
9	Purge switch (included on purge gas equipped systems)
10	Temperature setpoint controller. (included on platen equipped systems)
11	Pressure setpoint controller. (included on altitude/pressure control equipped systems) <i>Note - When the system includes chamber heating but does not include the pressure control option, a chamber temperature controller is put here. It works similarly to the platen temperature setpoint controller (item 10 above). See Sec. 4.12, p. 28.</i>
12	Fault lamp with audible buzzer
13	Emergency stop switch

Table 7 - Control panel operators

3.7 PRESSURE GAUGES

System pressure is displayed on the pressure gauge located in the rack mount below the control panel and on the pressure setpoint controller on some systems.

All roughing-only ExploraVAC Standard systems have a Granville-Phillips 475 Convector gauge controller installed. It displays chamber pressure which it obtains from the chamber-mounted convection-enhanced Pirani gauge. It relays pressure information to the PLC.

All high vacuum, turbo pump equipped ExploraVAC Standard systems have an MKS GP 358 Micro-Ion® High Vacuum Gauge Controller which displays chamber and foreline pressure from two convection-enhanced Pirani gauges. An MKS GP 355 Micro-Ion Hot Cathode Vacuum Gauge displays chamber pressure when in high vacuum. When convection gauge pressure is too low, that readout shows zero. When the ion gauge pressure is too high, its readout is off. A piezo gauge provides roughing line pressure information to the PLC to help optimize high vacuum efficiency. Its pressure is not displayed.



Figure 12 - Granville-Phillips 475

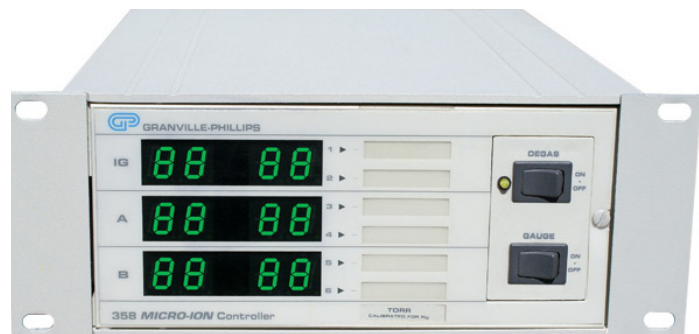


Figure 13 - MKS GP 358

3.8 VALVES

ExploraVAC Standard systems use pneumatic and/or a combination of pneumatic and smart CommandValve™ throttling butterfly valves. Systems which include the pressure control option use CommandValves to precisely vary or maintain constant chamber pressure.

Systems which do not include the pressure control option, use pneumatic valves exclusively. Ideal Vacuum Super-Seal™ bellows valves are used for the roughing and chamber vent lines. In high vacuum systems, the turbo foreline valve and the gate valve between the turbo pump and chamber are also pneumatic. A small, quiet, onboard air compressor with reservoir tank is used on systems with pneumatic valves.

Also included is our unique Delta-P™ system protection valve. If the system is under vacuum and a power interruption occurs, this normally open valve immediately closes and vents the roughing pump. It prevents the migration of contaminants (e.g., scroll pump tip seal particles) into the vacuum system, preserves the chamber vacuum, protects the turbo pump from damage, and stops undesirable material from being swept into the system when the pump restarts.

The Delta-P valve's vent is plumbed into the system exhaust line. This ensures that undesirable gases are not introduced into the personnel work area (when the ExploraVac's exhaust is connected to a facility exhaust system ([Sec. 3.10, p. 19](#))).

3.9 DIGITAL FEEDTHROUGH PANEL

The digital feedthrough panel at the right rear of the system is used to operate and control the ExploraVAC system from a connected computer using our AutoExplor software. The computer connects to the DB9 RS232 serial port on the panel. A serial to USB adapter cable is available if the computer does not have a serial port (IVP part number [P1012232](#)).

The network (ethernet) connector is not used on ExploraVAC standard systems.

The AUX I/O female DB15 connector on the panel can be used to connect and switch up to two pieces of user supplied external equipment. The AUX switch on the control panel or in AutoExplor software turns the AUX relays on and off for operating outboard connected equipment. Using a breakout box, the user can connect and control equipment through the relays.

The USB service port is used solely by IVP.



Figure 14 - Digital feedthrough panel

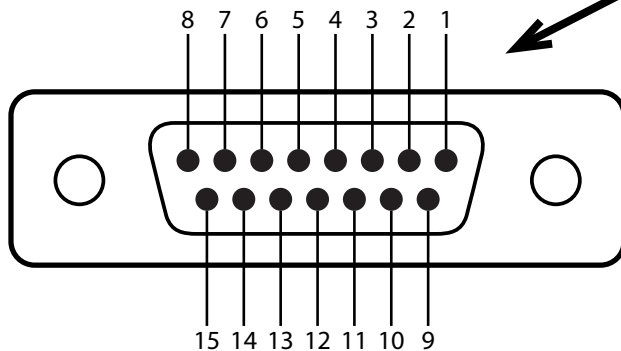


Figure 15 - Auxilliary I/O connector

Pin	Name	Functionality
1	0 V	
2		
3	Ground	
4	24 VDC input	Toggles Aux 1 relay on
5	24 VDC input	Toggles Aux 1 relay off
6	24 VDC input	IVP use only
7	24 VDC output	Aux 2 output, 1 Amp (software only)
8		
9		
10	Aux 1 common	Fused at 2 Amps
11	Aux 1 NO	NO relay active when Aux 1 is on
12	Aux 1 NC	NC relay active when Aux 1 is off
13	RS232	IVP use only
14	RS232	IVP use only
15	RS232	IVP use only

Table 8 - Aux connector pinout

3.10 EXHAUST/VENT PANEL

NOTICE

Vent and purge apertures are exposed to vacuum. Particulates can be sucked in and damage the system. Use filters on the vent and exhaust to prevent system damage.

The exhaust/vent panel, at the left rear of the system, has two KF flanged piping connections. The KF-25 flange is for roughing pump exhaust. The second, smaller KF-16 flange is the chamber vent port. These ports can be left open, or used to connect to facility exhaust to evacuate pump gas (particularly corrosive gases) away from the personnel work area.

If the system is equipped with the purge gas option, a Swagelok® bulkhead fitting is installed which accepts a 1/2" OD tube. This connection allows the user to inject high purity, oxygen, or water free gas into the chamber ([Sec. 4.7, p. 23](#)).



Figure 16 - Exhaust, vent and purge panel

3.11 SAMPLE THERMOCOUPLES

For ExploraVAC Standard instruments equipped with a platen, a platen temp (PT) thermocouple is embedded into the platen and connected from below the chamber. A standard four Type-K thermocouple feedthrough for collecting sample temperatures is also provided and connected to a KF-40 port on the back of the chamber. Temperature data from all four thermocouples is collected and can be displayed and used by the temperature setpoint controller ([Sec. 4.11, p. 28](#)). In AutoExplor software, these four thermocouples are displayed in the Additional Readouts and can be used by the PLATEN TEMP controller.

Thermocouple expansion modules with either sixteen Type-T or Type-K thermocouples (16TC) are available for those who require more than four sample temperature readings. The 16TC option replaces the standard four sample thermocouples. AutoExplor software is required with a 16TC expansion module. Expansion module thermocouples are displayed as additional readouts in AutoExplor (SAMP1 - SAMP16). The first four may be used in the AutoExplor PLATEN TEMP setpoint controller.

NOTICE

Do not allow thermocouple wires to contact a hot platen. The insulation will melt resulting in incorrect temperature readings.

3.12 PLATEN (OPTION)

Platens are available for 16", 20" and 24" chambers. They are constructed from 6061-T6 aluminum plate for fast, even heating and cooling cycles, and have a standard 1" threaded (1/4"-20) breadboard pattern for mounting test items. Platens are thermally isolated from the chamber. An embedded platen thermocouple measures platen temperature and relays it to the system's PLC. Platen temperature is controlled by the temperature setpoint controller ([Sec. 4.11, p. 28](#)), or in AutoExplor's PLATEN TEMP setpoint controller.

There are several platen configurations available. Platens can be configured with electric (resistive) heating elements and/or with circulating tubes for both heating and cooling. Any platen configuration can maintain accurate temperature control to within $\pm 0.5^{\circ}\text{C}$.

Electrically Heated Platen Only:

Electric (resistive) heater elements, with a heating power of up to 5000 Watts, and a power density of up to 9.5 W/in² are embedded into the platen. Temperatures up to 375°C are possible (400°C is the absolute hard limit). Electrical power for the platen heaters is supplied directly by the ExploraVAC.

Electrically Heated and Liquid Nitrogen Cooled Platen:

For the ultimate in platen heating and cooling and for maximum speed, a LN₂ liquid nitrogen cryogenic cooling option is available. The platen is built with both electric heater elements and platen circulating tubes in which liquid nitrogen (LN₂) is flowed for cryogenic cooling. This platen configuration has the largest possible temperature range (-170°C to 375°C). For more information see the [LN₂ Cooling Option User Manual](#).

Huber Refrigerated Heating Circulators:

A platen with circulating tubes is connected in a closed loop to an external Huber refrigerated heating circulator system. Thermal fluid is pumped through the platen tubes to achieve the desired temperature. Three Huber models are available. Each has a different heating and cooling capacity.

Huber systems require a separate electrical power feed and are controlled via a signal cable that connects to the ExploraVAC's Huber I/O port ([Fig. 8, item 19, p. 13](#)).

The [Huber Unistat 405](#) is capable of temperatures from -40°C to 225°C, has a maximum heating capacity of 3kW, and a maximum cooling capacity of 1.1kW. The Huber 405 operates on 208-240 VAC, single phase power and has a maximum current draw of 17 A.

The [Huber Unistat 705](#) system can reach temperatures from -60°C to 225°C. has a maximum heating capacity of 3kW, and a maximum cooling capacity of 0.6kW. The Huber 705 operates on 208-240 VAC, single phase power and has a maximum current draw of 20 A.

The [Huber Unistat 815](#) system can reach temperatures from -70°C to 225°C. has a maximum heating capacity of 2.6kW, and a maximum cooling capacity of 1.5kW. The Huber 815 operates on 440-480 VAC, three phase power and has a maximum current draw of 13 A.

Refer to the [Huber Unistat Installation Guide](#) and the [Huber Unistat Operation Manual](#).

Note that the temperature extremes cited above are for non-loaded systems. System performance may decrease depending on the thermal load. The platen heating and cooling specifications of your specific ExploraVAC MAX instrument depend on the selected heating and/or cooling option configuration. Refer to the datasheets and performance graphs supplied with your system.

4. OPERATION

Once the unit is physically in place, the turbo is mounted (if needed), and power is connected, the system may be energized. Note that the chamber is shipped under rough vacuum to keep it clean and must be vented before the door can be opened (see [Sec 4.6, p. 22](#)). Button switches are illuminated red while in a standby state, and green when a device is on or running. Blinking or alternating switch colors indicate various other conditions (see [Sec. 4.13, p. 30](#)).

4.1 MAIN POWER SWITCH/DISCONNECT



Rotate the main power switch/system disconnect on the face of the cabinet to energize the system. When the handle is horizontal, the system is energized.

4.2 POWER SWITCH



When the Main Power disconnect switch is engaged, the POWER switch lights red. When pressed, the POWER switch turns green. All other switches turn on and light red. All valves remain in their normally closed states. The PLC initializes, the XGC-820 setpoint controllers and the pressure gauge below the control panel turn on. The system enters a standby state, ready to perform a process.

If, while the system is running, the POWER switch is pressed, it blinks red for 3 seconds. During this time, the system systematically shuts appropriate valves, turns off any device that is on, removes power to the pump(s), then turns off.

4.3 AUX SWITCH



When pressed, the AUX switch lights green. The user's outboard equipment, connected to the AUX I/O relays on the digital feedthrough panel at the back of the ExploraVAC cabinet, are powered on. ([Sec. 4.15, p. 31](#)).

4.4 ROUGH VACUUM SWITCH



When pressed, the ROUGH VACUUM switch lights green. The nXDSi dry scroll roughing pump energizes, the roughing valve opens, and the chamber begins to pump down. The chamber ultimately reaches a pressure of about 2×10^{-2} Torr (20 mTorr). The smaller the chamber, the more quickly ultimate pressure is achieved. The pressure gauge below the control panel displays chamber pressure.

If the system is in roughing mode and the ROUGH VACUUM switch is turned off, the roughing valve closes and the roughing pump turns off. This allows the chamber to remain under rough vacuum. The POWER switch remains on (green).

4.5 HIGH VACUUM SWITCH (OPTION)



The HIGH VACUUM switch is installed on turbo pump equipped systems.

If the ROUGH VACUUM switch is on (green), and the roughing pressure is at or below the crossover pressure threshold (factory set at 2 Torr), pressing the HIGH VACUUM icon initiates high vacuum mode and the HIGH VACUUM icon turns green.

If the roughing pump is off, or the pressure is above the crossover pressure threshold when the HIGH VACUUM switch is pressed, the HIGH VACUUM icon blinks green indicating the system is in standby to go to high vacuum. System logic is optimized for speed and determines when the turbo pump begins spinning up during roughing.

Once the crossover pressure threshold is reached, the roughing valve closes, the foreline and gate valves open, the gate valve opens, and chamber pressure goes into high vacuum.

The ROUGH VACUUM icon cannot be turned off, and neither VENT nor PURGE can be activated when the system is in high vacuum.

When in high vacuum mode, turning off the HIGH VACUUM icon closes all valves and turns off both the turbo and roughing pumps. High vacuum chamber pressure is maintained.

4.6 VENT SWITCH



Venting is allowed only when the turbo and roughing pumps are off. If the system is in high vacuum mode, the HIGH VACUUM switch must be turned off before venting is possible.

If the VENT switch is pressed while either the ROUGH VACUUM or PURGE switch is on, the VENT switch blinks green. The roughing pump and/or purge are turned off and then the vent valve is opened. Venting will continue and the VENT switch remains green until it is turned off, one of the pump switches is activated, or the system is shut down.

When either the ROUGH VACUUM or HIGH VACUUM switch is turned on, the vent valve closes and the selected pump sequence is initiated.

NOTICE

If the chamber is vented with air when the platen is below 0°C, ice will form on the platen. Bring the platen up to room temperature and let dry naturally. Alternatively, to avoid roughing pump or gauge damage, turn on the pump's gas ballast valve and pump the chamber. See the nXDSi or nXRi pump manual for instructions.

4.7 PURGE SWITCH (OPTION)



The PURGE switch is present on systems equipped with the purge gas option.

This option allows a user to introduce high-purity, oxygen or dry gas into the chamber instead of air. Gas pressure into the system must be regulated to no more than 250 PSIG. The system limits purge gas pressure into the chamber to 0.5 PSI, and will automatically shut off PURGE if chamber pressure exceeds +0.5 PSIG.

The HIGH VACUUM switch must be turned off before purging is possible.

NOTE

Before PURGE is activated, evacuate the chamber prior to filling it with any kind of purge gas.

For non-pressure controlled systems:

The PURGE switch behaves like the VENT switch.

If the PURGE switch is pressed when ROUGH VACUUM or VENT is on, the PURGE switch blinks green, turns off the roughing pump or vent, then opens the purge valve. Purging continues and the PURGE switch remains on until it is switched off or one of the pumps is activated.

When either the ROUGH VACUUM or HIGH VACUUM switch is pressed, the purge gas valve closes and the selected pump sequence is initiated.

For pressure controlled systems:

When an ExploraVAC system is equipped with both the purge gas and pressure control options, the pressure setpoint controller includes a settings option entitled MODE ([Fig. 18. p. 26](#)). In the MODE setting, the user can choose to use purge gas rather than vent air to maintain the chamber pressure at a setpoint higher than the roughing pump's ultimate pressure.

Active Purging for pressure controlled systems:

When both the purge gas and pressure control options are installed, the system can also perform "active" purging. Unlike standard purging or venting as described above, active purging allows the roughing pump to remain pumping while simultaneously flowing purge gas into the chamber. With active purging, constant chamber pressure can be maintained to within $\pm 2\%$.

To engage active purging, select **ACTV** in the pressure controller's MODE setting and enter a pressure setpoint. When the PRESSURE CONTROL switch is turned on, the roughing pump evacuates the chamber to the desired setpoint pressure. Once the setpoint pressure is reached, the system continues roughing while simultaneously flowing purge gas into the chamber, and the setpoint pressure is maintained.

Turning off the ROUGH VACUUM switch turns off both purging and the roughing pump.

Turning off the PURGE switch alone stops active purging but leave the roughing pump on.

4.8 PRESSURE CONTROL SWITCH (OPTION)



PRESSURE CONTROL

PRESSURE CONTROL WORKS IN THE ROUGH VACUUM RANGE ONLY.

The PRESSURE CONTROL switch is installed on systems equipped with the pressure control option. This option includes our electric smart CommandValve throttling butterfly valves and the XGC-820 pressure setpoint controller. Pressure control is used for altitude simulation and for experiments or processes which require accurate maintained pressure.

HIGH VACUUM must be turned off before the PRESSURE CONTROL switch can be turned on. When the PRESSURE CONTROL switch is pressed, the system automatically turns off venting and purging, then turns on pressure control. The PRESSURE CONTROL switch lights green.

The system uses the pressure setpoint controller to rough to the desired setpoint pressure ([Sec. 4.10, p. 25](#)). Once the system settles, setpoint accuracy is $\pm 0.5\%$.

4.9 HEAT/COOL PLATEN SWITCH (OPTION)



HEAT / COOL PLATEN

The HEAT/COOL PLATEN switch is installed on systems equipped with a platen.

The platen may be configured with heat only, cooling only, or both heat and cooling ([Sec. 3.12, p. 20](#)).

When the HEAT/COOL PLATEN switch is pressed, the switch lights green. The system will immediately begin to heat or cool the platen to the temperature saved in the temperature setpoint controller ([Sec. 4.11, p. 28](#)). When the platen has both heating and cooling, desired temperatures can be maintained to $\pm 0.5^{\circ}\text{C}$. When a platen has only the cooling option (no heat), temperature can be held to within $\pm 10^{\circ}\text{C}$.

Refer to the datasheets and performance graphs of your system located in the printed manual or on the supplied USB drive.

4.10 PRESSURE SETPOINT CONTROLLER (OPTION)

The XGC-820 pressure setpoint controller is installed on systems equipped with the pressure control option. Located below the PRESSURE CONTROL switch on the control panel, it is used to display and change setpoint pressure, ramp rate, soak time and venting mode.

Setpoint pressure is the ultimate pressure you want the system to achieve and maintain.

Ramp rate is the speed at which the chamber goes from its current pressure to the desired pressure. Ramp rate is often used for altitude simulation, where a test item is subjected to faster or slower ramp rates. Ramp rate is measured in units/min. The ramp rate limit is determined by the size of the chamber and the pump speed. The ramp rate can also be set to MAX, which will force the system to get to the setpoint pressure as quickly as possible. Where a set ramp rate is a linear function, the MAX rate is a curve.

For a 24" chamber with an nXDS20i roughing pump, the maximum possible ramp rate is approximately 25,000 ft/min. The specifications of your ExploraVAC instrument are found in the printed datasheets and performance graphs supplied with the system.

Soak is the amount of time, after the setpoint pressure is reached, that the setpoint pressure is maintained. When the soak time has elapsed, valves are closed and the roughing pump is turned off.

When the POWER switch is pressed, the XGC-820 turns on. The controller's home screen shows the current chamber pressure, setpoint pressure, ramp rate or soak time, and if the system is using the vent or the purge valve (if the system is equipped with the purge gas option). The figure below shows the controller's home screen. The pressure controller's menu flowchart is on the following page.

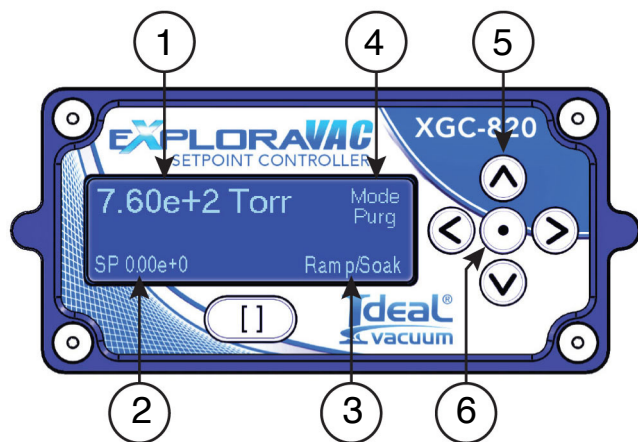


Figure 17 - Pressure controller home page

Item	Description
1	Chamber Pressure (in user selected units) (in exponential notation)
2	Setpoint Pressure (in same units as chamber pressure) (in exponential notation) (reads 0.00e+0 if no setpoint is saved)
3	Ramp Rate or Soak Time (ramp rate changes to soak time when setpoint pressure is reached. If no soak time is saved, ramp rate is displayed)
4	Vent, Purge Gas or Active Purge Mode
5	Arrow Buttons (used to negotiate through the menus)
6	Select/Enter Button (used to make a selection or save a parameter value)

Table 9 - Pressure controller display items

To negotiate the menu heirarchy:

- Press the center SELECT/ENTER button to go down (right) one tier.
- Press the LEFT ARROW button to go to the left (up) one tier.
- Press the UP or DOWN ARROW button to move vertically in the same tier.
- Press the UP or DOWN ARROW to increase or decrease a value.
- Press the SELECT/ENTER button to save a value.
- Arrows on the flowchart boxes below indicate which arrow buttons are active for that menu item.

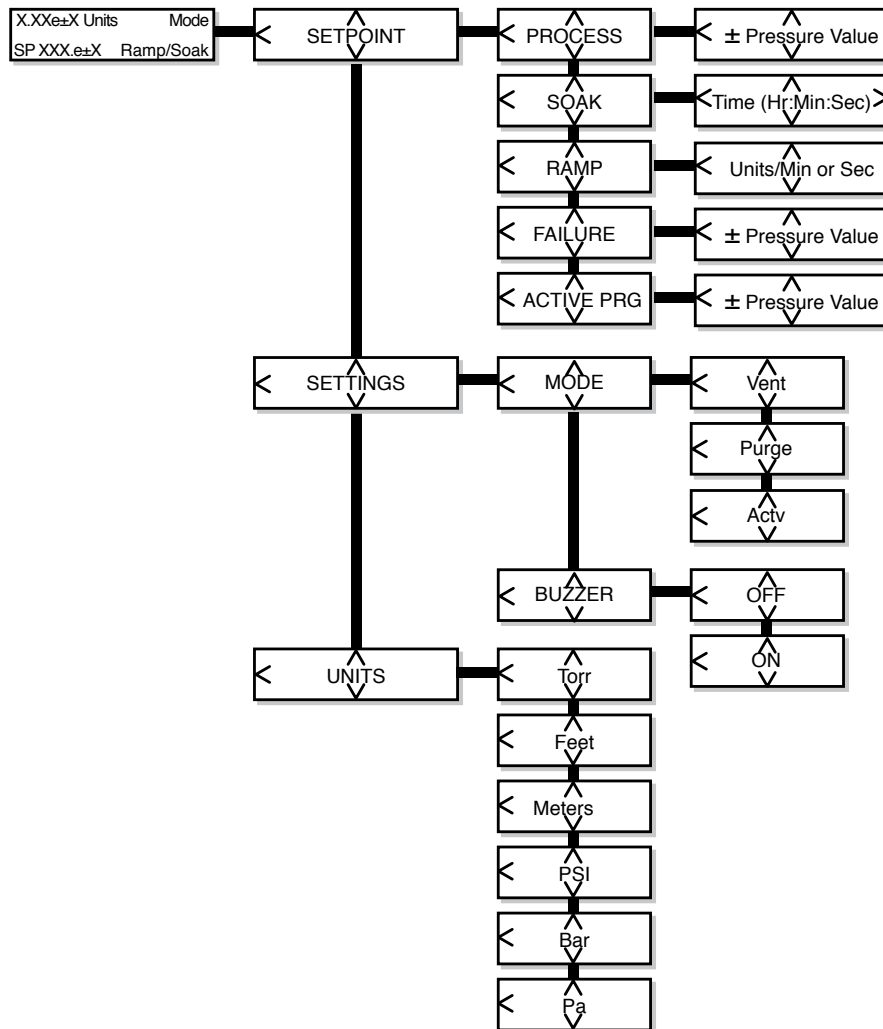


Figure 18 - Pressure controller menu flowchart

- PROCESS is the pressure value you want the system to maintain (the setpoint).
- SOAK is the amount of time after reaching the setpoint that the pressure will be maintained.
- RAMP is the rate at which the pressure increases or decreases towards the setpoint (process).
- FAILURE is the pressure above the setpoint when the system will automatically shut off and alarm. This setting ensures that your sample or the system will not be damaged.
- ACTIVE PRG is the active purging pressure (setpoint) value you want the system to maintain.

4.11 TEMPERATURE SETPOINT CONTROLLER (OPTION)

The XGC-820 temperature setpoint controller is installed on systems equipped with a platen . The controller is located below the HEAT/COOL PLATEN switch on the control panel. It is used to display and change setpoint temperature, ramp rate and soak time.

Setpoint temperature is the temperature you want the platen to achieve and maintain.

Ramp rate is the speed with which the platen heats or cools from its initial state to the setpoint value. The maximum ramp rate varies depending on platen size, heating and cooling system, and other factors. The ramp rate can be set to MAX, which forces the platen to get to temperature as quickly as possible. Where a set ramp rate is a linear function, the MAX rate is a curve. The specifications of your ExploraVAC instrument are found in the printed datasheets and performance graphs supplied with the system.

Soak is the amount of time after the setpoint temperature is reached that the temperature is maintained. When the soak time has elapsed, the platen heaters and chiller (if equipped) turn off.

The figure below shows the temperature controller's home screen. This screen displays the current thermocouple temperature, setpoint temperature, ramp rate or soak time, and the thermocouple that is being used. The top right of the screen shows PLTN which indicates that this is the PLATEN TEMP controller. Below PLTN is the platen MODE (the thermocouple that the setpoint controller is using. In the figure below, SAM1 was selected which indicates that the setpoint controller is reading the SAMPLE1 thermocouple.

The temperature controller's menu flowchart is on the following page.

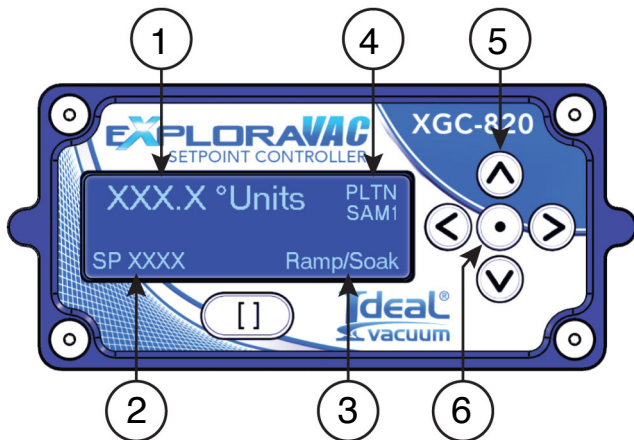


Figure 19 - Platen Temp controller home page

Item	Description
1	Platen Temperature (in user selected units) (resolution of 0.1 degree)
2	Setpoint Temperature (in same units as platen temperature)
3	Ramp Rate or Soak Time (if a soak time is saved, ramp rate changes to soak time when setpoint temperature is reached. Otherwise, only ramp rate is displayed.
4	Platen Mode (indicates the thermocouple the controller is using. PLTN uses the thermocouple embedded in the platen. SAM1-SAM4 are the feedthrough thermocouples which could be attached to a sample or test object)
5	Arrow Buttons (used to negotiate through the menus)
6	Select/Enter Button (used to make a selection or save a parameter value)

Table 10 - Temperature controller display items

Changing the PLTN Mode:

The PLTN MODE is available on ExploraVAC systems with serial numbers above 12800.

It is used to select the thermocouple that the PLATEN TEMP setpoint controller uses. Use the controller's menu flowchart ([Fig. 20, p. 29](#)) to select the thermocouple mode.

There are five mode options: PLATEN, SAM1, SAM2, SAM3, or SAM4. By default, the thermocouple embedded in the platen is used by the setpoint controller (PLTN mode). This mode works well when a test object is directly attached to the platen.

When a test object is fixtured or otherwise at some distance from the platen, the platen and test object may be at different temperatures. This can be due to the delayed heat transfer from the platen to the object, or because the object is far enough away from the platen that it stabilizes at a different temperature than the platen. This is referred to as a delayed system.

While it may be possible to experimentally determine the platen setpoint temperature required for the object to achieve the desired stable temperature, a more precise, repeatable, and faster method is to change the mode to one of the SAM modes. Selecting the SAM 1, 2, 3 or 4 modes changes the thermocouple used by the PLATEN TEMP controller to one of the SAMple thermocouples. The selected SAM thermocouple is then attached directly to the test object.

While using one of the sample thermocouple modes, if there is a significant system delay between the platen and test object temperatures, considerable setpoint temperature overshoot can occur.

If the platen is heated at the MAX ramp rate until the object reaches the setpoint, excess platen heat will be transferred to the object after the setpoint is reached. The object will experience a significant temperature overshoot and it will take a long time for the object temperature to stabilize.

A better technique is to first ramp the temperature at the MAX rate to a setpoint lower than the object target temperature. Then, use a lesser ramp rate to slowly approach the desired temperature.

In this case, the maximum platen temperature will be decreased and it will start cooling much faster. This will reduce and slow the amount of heat transferred into the object. The result will be an overshoot of only a few degrees and a much decreased temperature stabilization time.

For even better control when using sample thermocouple modes, [AutoExplor](#) recipe capability can be used to automatically switch the ramp rates. This will reduce cycle time.

To negotiate the menu heirarchy:

- Press the center SELECT/ENTER button to go down (right) one tier.
- Press the LEFT ARROW button to go to the left (up) one tier.
- Press the UP or DOWN ARROW button to move vertically in the same tier.
- Press the UP or DOWN ARROW to increase or decrease a value.
- Press the SELECT/ENTER button to save a value.
- Arrows on the flowchart boxes below indicate which arrow buttons are active for that menu item.

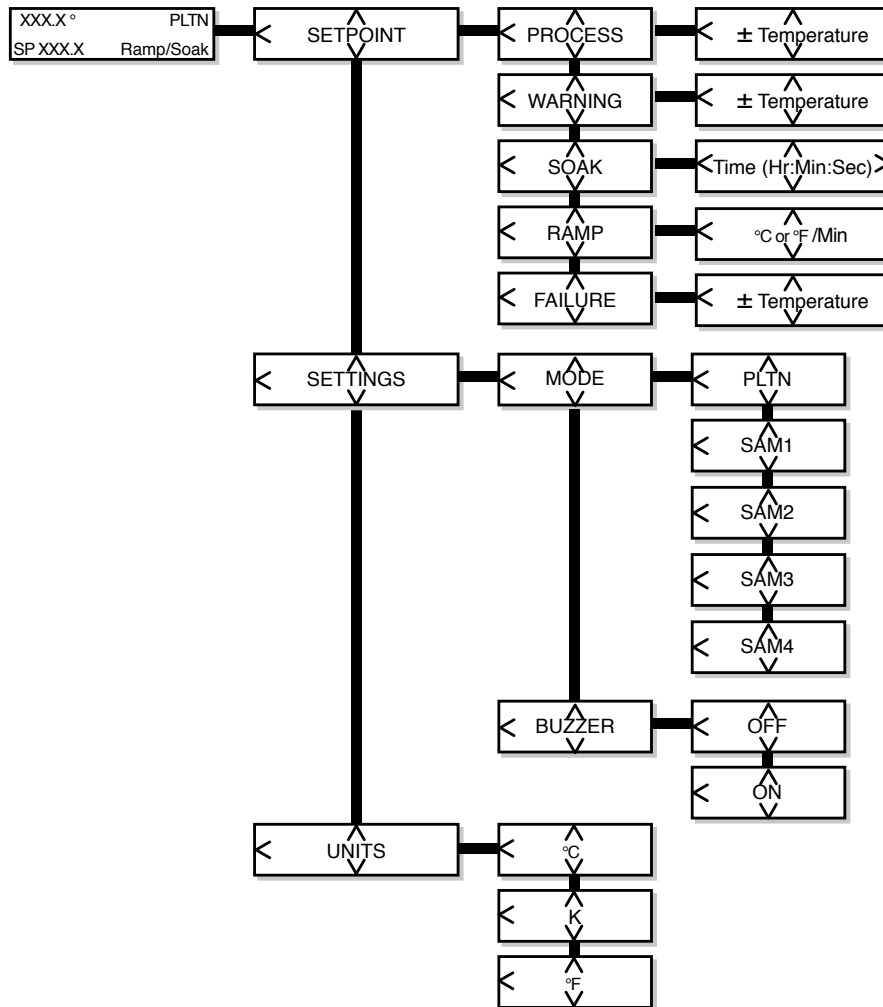


Figure 20 - Temperature controller menu flowchart

- PROCESS is the temperature for the system to maintain (the setpoint).
- WARNING is the temperature above the setpoint that the HEAT/COOL PLATEN switch will begin to blink green/yellow to indicate a potential problem. The platen will continue to operate.
- SOAK is the amount of time after reaching the setpoint that the temperature will be maintained.
- RAMP is the rate at which the temperature increases or decreases towards the setpoint (process).
- FAILURE is the temperature above the setpoint when the system will automatically shut off and alarm. This setting ensures that your sample or the system will not be damaged.
- MODE is the thermocouple that the setpoint controller uses.

4.12 SYSTEM SHUTDOWN



Use the POWER switch to turn off the system at any time. This initiates a sequential, deliberate, system shutdown in the following order:

1. Gate valve, then all other valves close.
2. The turbo, then the roughing pump turns off.
3. All control panel switches turn off.
4. The red POWER light remains on.

4.13 EMERGENCY STOP SWITCH



DO NOT USE EMERGENCY STOP TO TURN OFF THE SYSTEM UNLESS ABSOLUTELY NECESSARY.

Press the POWER switch to initiate an ordered system shutdown.

If the EMERGENCY STOP is engaged at any time, the system immediately closes all the pneumatic valves, protecting the turbo, then all subsystems are de-energized.

If running the premium version of AutoExplor, the data logs are saved up until the moment when the emergency stop switch is used. The availability of these logs can assist the user with system diagnostics. See the AutoExplor User Manual for more information about logs.

4.14 FAULTS



The fault light will blink and an audible buzzer will sound when a fault condition occurs. The effected subsystem switch will blink red (see Sec. 4.14, below). If the fault is because a device exceeds its parameters (i.e., an over temperature situation), the fault may self-correct. If the fault is because of equipment failure, the fault will persist. The effected device will need to be corrected before it will function.

Failure	Switch Blinks Red/Fault Alarm Activates
Platen over temperature or thermocouple failure	Heat/Cool Platen
Chamber over pressure	Vent, Purge
Roughing pump over temperature	Rough, Pressure Control
No air tank pressure	High Vacuum (if no Pressure Control: Vent, Rough, Purge)

Table 11 - Faults and effected subsystem(s)

4.15 WARNINGS AND OTHER SUBSYSTEM CONDITIONS

The system provides additional visual feedback about the state of its subsystems and devices. When switches are not illuminated, power is off. When lighted red, the subsystem is in a standby state, ready to be turned on. When lighted green, a subsystem is on.

The information in the table below describes subsystem or device transitional conditions, warnings or fault indications.

Panel Switch	Blinking Red	Blinking Green	Alternating Green/Yellow	Alternating Green/Red	Blinking Yellow	Steady Blue
Power	Powering off					
Rough	Rough pump temp. too high	Pump not starting	Rough pump temp. high			
High Vacuum		Standby for rough limit	Turbo spinning up	Turbo spinning up, gate valve closed	Coasting down	
Vent	Chamber over pressure	In vent mode, valve not open				
Purge	Chamber over pressure	In purge mode, valve not open				
Heat/Cool Platen	Over setpoint failure temp.		Over setpoint warning temp.			
Pressure Control (turbo standby)		When on and going to standby speed	On but standby speed not getting set			Turbo standby is enabled, HIGH VACUUM is not on

Table 12 - Other subsystem condition codes

5. SERVICE AND MAINTENANCE

DANGER

De-energize and lockout the system before removing cabinet panels or attempting to perform maintenance or service on the system. High voltage inside.

WARNING

Before performing maintenance or service, the chamber must be vented and brought to ambient atmosphere.

WARNING

Before performing maintenance or service, the refrigeration system must be brought to ambient temperature. Direct exposure to an extremely cold platen, the refrigeration lines, or the thermal fluid could cause immediate frostbite.

CAUTION



Always wear protective equipment, including safety glasses and gloves when working with any vacuum system or component.

NOTE

The ExploraVAC system is not field upgradeable. To add options, it must be reconfigured by Ideal Vacuum.

ExploraVAC systems are built with premium components and quality engineering. Systems are designed to operate with very little user maintenance. Follow the suggested routine maintenance schedule ([Sec. 5.1, p. 34](#)) to keep your system in top operating condition for many years.

Periodically wipe the exterior of the system with a damp rag and mild cleaning solution. Dust and remove any oil or dirt buildup inside the cabinet panels, on pumps, the compressor, fans, etc. Use a cloth or paper towel wetted with isopropanol.

More accurate service intervals based on equipment sensors, valve counts, etc. are available within the ExploraVAC AutoExplor software.

For assistance with service parts, please visit the idealtvac.com website, or call to speak with one of our customer service representatives.

5.1 SERVICE SCHEDULE

Item	Service Interval												
	Months							Hr	Cycles				
	1	3	12	24	48	60	120	20k	100k	500k	1.5M	2M	
Edwards nXDSi Roughing Pump (All)													
Clean inlet strainer & external fan cover			X										
Replace exhaust filter			X										
Check & replace tip seals (as necessary)				X									
Replace pump- bearings						X							
Edwards nXRi Roughing Pump (All)													
Perform gas ballast drying procedure	X												
Clean inlet strainer & external fan cover			X										
Replace exhaust filter			X										
Replace pump- bearings						X							
Replace pump controller							X						
Pfeiffer HiPace Turbo Pump (All)													
Replace operating fluid reservoir					X								
Replace rotor bearing					X								
Huber Unistat (All)													
Check perforated sheet, clean as needed	X												
Thermal fluid inspection Replace as required	X												
Empty drip tray	X												
Check liquifier fins and hat-type strainer		X											
Check air filter mats		X											
Onboard Air Compressor													
Replace filter element			X										
IVP Super-Seal Pneumatic Valves (All)													
Rebuild or replace											X		
IVP CommandValve (All)													
Rebuild or replace										X			
IVP Delta-P Valve													
Rebuild or replace												X	
IVP XactGauge Convection Gauges (All)													
Rebuild or Replace							X						
IVP UltraLOCK Gate Valve (All)													
Rebuild or replace									X				
MKS GP 355 Micro-Ion Gauge													
Degas		X											
Replace								X					

Table 13 - Recommended preventive maintenance schedule

For service or replacement procedures, see the product owner's manual. Find manuals either on the USB drive included with the ExploraVAC, or by part number at idealvac.com. If you need assistance, please contact customer service.

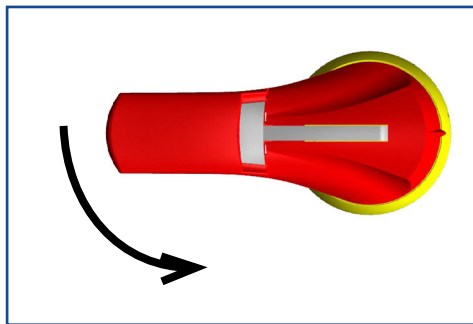
6. RECOMMENDED LOCKOUT/TAGOUT PROCEDURE

The lockout/tagout (LOTO) procedure described below is meant to safeguard employees from the unexpected energization or startup of the instrument, or the release of hazardous energy during service or maintenance activities, when moving the unit within the facility, or when transporting it to another location.

This procedure is recommended to safely disconnect the instrument from the facility electrically to eliminate the possibility of someone receiving an electrical shock, and to depressurize the onboard air tank used to activate pneumatic valves in the system.

It is the responsibility of your facility safety team to develop and implement your own company LOTO procedure which may be more robust than these recommendations.

1. Notify all appropriate personnel that the instrument will be offline for service, when that will happen, and for how long, or that it has gone offline due to a malfunction.
2. Make sure the instrument is not currently performing a critical operation.
3. Turn off the instrument by rotating its main power/disconnect switch counterclockwise to the off position.



4. Turn off facility power to the instrument from the dedicated disconnect or circuit breaker. Lockout and tag the disconnect. The person who is performing the service or decommissioning must sign, date, and write the reason the machine is out of service on the lockout tag.

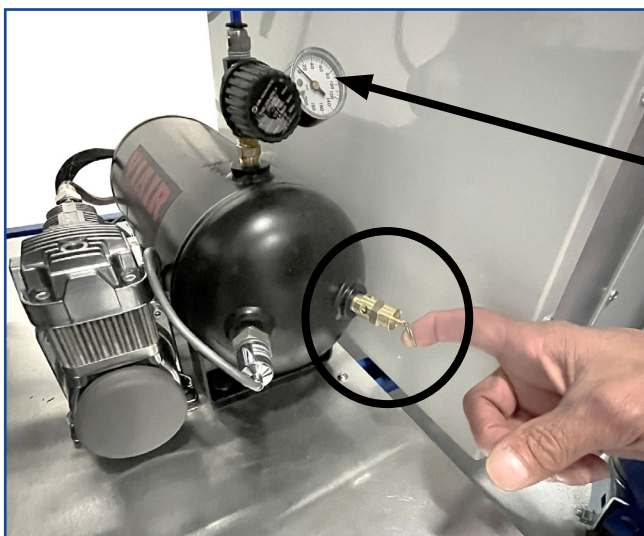


5. Remove the left side panel of the instrument. The quarter-turn fasteners use a 4mm hex wrench.



Wear safety glasses and hearing protection before depressurizing the air tank.

6. Find the black air tank at the bottom of the cabinet.
7. Pull the ring on the tank's pressure relief valve for about 5 seconds until the gauge read zero PSI. It will hiss loudly as it depressurizes.



8. Perform the maintenance or service.
9. When activities are completed, close and lock all panels.
10. Turn on the facility disconnect or circuit breaker. Only the person who did the lockout and signed the tag should remove it.
11. Notify all appropriate personnel that the instrument is back in service.
12. Run the instrument normally.

7. APPENDIX

The datasheet on the next page has the specifications of your built-to-order ExploraVAC system.

Following the datasheet page are actual test performance graphs of your ExploraVAC system.



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